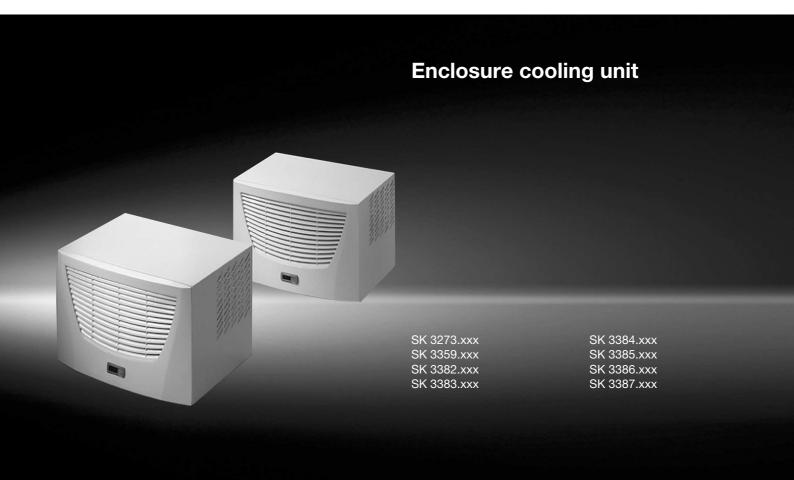
Rittal – The System.

Faster - better - everywhere.



Assembly and operating instructions



ENCLOSURES

POWER DISTRIBUTION > CLIMATE CONTROL

IT INFRASTRUCTURE > SOFTWARE & SERVICES

Contents

Contents

EN

2 Safety instructions 3 3 Product description 3 3.1 Functional description 4 3.1.1 How it works 4 3.1.2 Control 4 3.1.3 Bus mode (e-Comfort controller only) 4 3.1.4 Safety devices 4 3.1.5 Condensation 5 3.1.6 Filter mats 5 3.1.7 Door limit switch 5 3.1.8 Additional interface X3 5 3.1.8 Additional interface X3 5 3.1.9 Deor limit switch 5 3.3 Scope of supply 6 4 Transport and handling 6 4.1 Delivery 6 4.2 Unpacking 6 4.3 Transport 6 4.4 Further information concerning 7 5.1 Choosing the installation site 7 5.2 Notes on assembly 7 5.2.1 General 7 5.2.2 Layout of the electronic components i	1 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4	Notes on documentation CE labelling Storing the documents Symbols used in these operating instructions Other applicable documents	3 3 3
3.1 Functional description 4 3.1.1 How it works 4 3.1.2 Control 4 3.1.3 Bus mode (e-Comfort controller only) 4 3.1.4 Safety devices 4 3.1.5 Condensation 5 3.1.6 Filter mats 5 3.1.7 Door limit switch 5 3.1.8 Additional interface X3 5 3.1.8 Additional interface X3 5 3.3 Scope of supply 6 4 Transport and handling 6 4.1 Delivery 6 4.2 Unpacking 6 4.3 Transport 6 4.4 Further information concerning transportation 6 5.1 Choosing the installation site 7 5.2 Notes on assembly 7 5.2.1 General 7 5.2 Layout of the electronic components in the enclosure 7 5.3 Fitting the cooling unit 8 5.3.2 Top mounting of the cooling unit 8 <	2	Safety instructions	3
4.1 Delivery 6 4.2 Unpacking 6 4.3 Transport 6 4.4 Further information concerning transportation 6 5 Assembly and connection 7 5.1 Choosing the installation site 7 5.2 Notes on assembly 7 5.2.1 General 7 5.2.1 General 7 5.2.1 General 7 5.2.1 General 7 5.2.2 Layout of the electronic components in the enclosure 7 5.3.1 Making the cut-outs 8 5.3.2 Top mounting of the cooling unit 8 5.3.2 Top mounting of the cooling unit 8 5.4 Connecting the condensate discharge 9 5.5 Notes on electrical installation 10 5.5.2 Overvoltage protection and supply line load 10 5.5.3 Three-phase devices 10 5.5.4 Door limit switch 10 5.5.5 Notes on the flicker standard 10 5.5.6 <	3.1 3.1.1 3.1.2 3.1.3 3.1.4 3.1.5 3.1.6 3.1.7 3.1.8 3.2	Functional description How it works Control Bus mode (e-Comfort controller only) Safety devices Condensation Filter mats Door limit switch Additional interface X3 Intended use, foreseeable misuse	4 .4 .4 .4 .5 .5 .5 .5 .5
5.1 Choosing the installation site	4.1 4.2 4.3	Delivery Unpacking Transport Further information concerning	6 6 6
5.3Fitting the cooling unit85.3.1Making the cut-outs85.3.2Top mounting of the cooling unit85.4Connecting the condensate discharge95.5Notes on electrical installation105.5.1Connection data105.5.2Overvoltage protection and supply line load105.5.3Three-phase devices105.5.4Door limit switch105.5.5Notes on the flicker standard105.5.6Potential equalisation115.6Potential equalisation115.6.1Bus connection (only when interconnecting several units with a Comfort controller)115.6.2Connection X3 for serial interface115.6.3Installing the power supply125.7Finalising assembly135.7.1Installing the filter media135.7.2Fitting the cooling unit135.7.3Setting the filter mat monitor13	-	-	7
5.7.3 Setting the filter mat monitor 13	5.2.1	Notes on assembly General Layout of the electronic components in the	7 . 7
	5.2.1 5.2.2 5.3 5.3.1 5.3.2 5.4 5.5.1 5.5.2 5.5.3 5.5.4 5.5.5 5.5.6 5.6 5.6.1 5.6.2 5.6.3 5.7 5.7.1 5.7.2	Notes on assembly	77. 88. 90101010111111111111111111111111111111

7	Operation	14
7.1	Control using the e-Comfort controller	14
7.1.1	Properties	14
7.1.2	Eco mode	14
7.1.3	Launching test mode	15
7.1.4	General information about programming	15
7.1.5	Editable parameters	
7.1.6	Programming overview	17
7.1.7	Defining system messages for evaluation	18
7.1.8	Setting the master/slave identifier	18
7.1.9	Evaluating system messages	19
7.1.10	Resetting the e-Comfort controller	21
8	Inspection and maintenance	21
8.1	•	21
9	Storage and disposal	23
10	Technical details	23
10.1	Technical specifications	23
10.2	Performance diagrams	27
11	List of spare parts	27
12	Cut-out and hole sizes	30
13	Accessories	31
14	Warranty	31
15	Customer con isos addresses	04
15	Customer services addresses	JI

1 Notes on documentation

1.1 CE labelling

Rittal GmbH & Co. KG confirms the conformity of the cooling unit with the European Union's Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC and EMC Directive 2014/30/EC. A simplified declaration of conformity can be found in the assembly and installation instructions enclosed with the device (see also the Rittal website). These are the original operating instructions.



1.2 Storing the documents

The assembly and operating instructions as well as all other applicable documents are an integral part of the product. They must be issued to everyone who works with the unit and must always be available and on hand for operating and maintenance personnel.

1.3 Symbols used in these operating instructions

The following symbols are used in this documentation:



Danger!

Hazardous situation which will result in death or serious injury if the instructions are not followed.

Warning!

Hazardous situation which may lead to death or serious injury if the instructions are not followed.

Caution!

Hazardous situation which may lead to (minor) injuries if the instructions are not followed.

R

Note: Important notices and indication of situations which may result in material damage.

This symbol indicates an "action point" and shows that you should perform an operation or procedure.

1.4 Other applicable documents

Paper copies of the assembly and operating instructions are available for the unit types described here and are enclosed with the equipment.

We cannot accept any liability for damage associated with failure to observe these instructions.

Please also observe the instructions for any accessories used.

2 Safety instructions

Please observe the following general safety instructions when assembling and operating the unit:

- Assembly, installation and servicing may only be performed by properly trained specialists.
- Do not obstruct the air inlet and air outlet of the cooling unit inside and outside the enclosure (see section 5.2.2 "Layout of the electronic components in the enclosure").
- The heat loss of the components installed in the enclosure must not exceed the specific useful cooling power of the cooling unit.
- The cooling unit must always be transported in a horizontal position.
- Use only original spare parts and accessories.
- Do not make any changes to the cooling unit other than those described in these instructions or associated instructions.
- Risk of burns! On cooling units with automatic condensate evaporation, the surface of the thermal element will get very hot during operation, and will remain so for some time afterwards.
- The mains connector of the cooling unit must only be connected and disconnected with the system de-energised. Connect the protective device specified on the rating plate.
- The products should only be combined and operated with the prescribed Rittal system accessories.
- Always wear the required personal safety equipment when working on this device.
- The device must only be cleaned by trained specialists. De-energise the device prior to cleaning.
- Do not assemble and re-activate the device until it is completely dry.

3 Product description

Depending on the model chosen, your cooling unit may vary in appearance from the illustrations contained in these instructions. However, the functions are identical in principle.

3 Product description



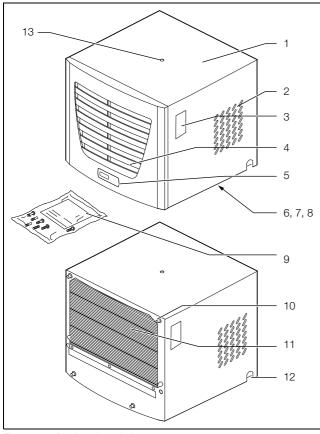


Fig. 1: Device description

Key

- 1 Enclosure
- 2 Air outlet holes
- 3 Rating plate
- 4 Louvred grille for air inlet
- 5 Display
- 6 X2 master-slave connection (underside of the unit)
- 7 X1 terminal strip (underside of the unit)
- 8 X3 optional serial interface (underside of the unit)
- 9 Dispatch bag
- 10 Twin-threaded bolt
- 11 Condenser
- 12 Condensate discharge
- 13 Thread M12 for eyebolt

3.1 Functional description

Enclosure cooling units are designed to dissipate heat from enclosures by cooling the air inside the enclosure and so protect the temperature-sensitive components. It is mounted on the roof of an enclosure.

3.1.1 How it works

The cooling unit (compression refrigeration system) comprises four main components (see fig. 2): the evaporator (1), the refrigerant compressor (2), the condenser (3), and the control or expansion valve (4), which are connected by suitable pipework.

This circuit is filled with a readily boiling substance, the refrigerant. The Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP) of the refrigerant is 0, making it very eco-friendly. A filter dryer (5) which is integrated into the hermetically sealed cool-

ing circuit provides effective protection against moisture, acid, dirt particles, and foreign bodies within the cooling circuit.

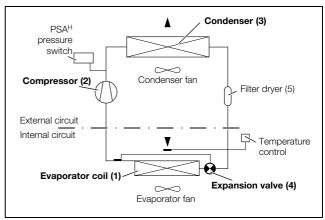


Fig. 2: Cooling circuit

In the evaporator coil (1), the liquid refrigerant is converted to a gaseous state. The energy needed for this purpose is taken from the enclosure air in the form of heat, which has the effect of cooling the enclosure air. In the compressor (2), the refrigerant is heavily compressed, so that it achieves a higher temperature inside the condenser (3) than the ambient air. This means that excess heat may be emitted to the ambient air via the surface of the condenser, as a result of which the temperature of the refrigerant drops and it is converted back into liquid. It is re-injected into the evaporator coil via a thermostatic expansion valve (4), which causes it to cool down further, and is then once again able to absorb the energy from the enclosure air in the evaporator coil. The whole cycle begins again.

3.1.2 Control

Rittal enclosure cooling units are fitted with a controller for setting the functions of the cooling unit (display plus extended functions, see section 7 "Operation").

3.1.3 Bus mode (e-Comfort controller only)

The serial unit interface X2 allows you to create a bus connection with up to ten cooling units using the masterslave cable (shielded, four-wire cable, Model No. 3124.100). This allows you to implement the following functions:

- Parallel unit control (the cooling units in the network can be switched on and off simultaneously)
- Parallel door status message ("door open")
- Parallel collective fault message

Data is exchanged via the master-slave connection. During commissioning, assign an address to each unit that also includes the identifier "master" or "slave".

3.1.4 Safety devices

In the cooling cycle, cooling units have a tested pressure switch in accordance with EN 12 263 set to maximum PS (admissible pressure) that operates via an automatic reset device whenever the pressure drops again.

- Temperature monitoring prevents the evaporator coil from icing over. If there is a risk of icing, the compressor switches itself off and automatically switches itself back on again at higher temperatures.
- The refrigerant compressor and the fans are equipped with thermal winding shields to protect against excess current and excess temperatures.
- In order to allow a reduction of pressure inside the compressor and hence a safe restart, once it has been switched off (e.g. upon reaching the set temperature, via the door limit switch function or via de-energising), the device will switch back on with a delay of 180 seconds.
- The device has floating contacts on the connection pins (terminals 3 - 5), via which system messages from the device may be polled, e.g. using a PLC (2x normally open contacts, e-Comfort controller).

3.1.5 Condensation

At high levels of humidity and low temperatures inside the enclosure, condensation may form on the evaporator coil.

The cooling units have an automatic electrical condensate evaporator. The thermal component used for this purpose is based on self-regulating PTC technology.

Condensate arising on the evaporator coil is collected in a tank in the internal circuit of the cooling unit. When the water level rises, the water enters the PTC thermal component and is evaporated (through-flow heater principle). The water vapour streams out of the cooling unit with the airflow from the external fan.

The PTC thermal component is permanently connected and has no switchpoint. It is protected against short-circuits with miniature fuses (F1.1, F1.2). If the fuse has tripped, any condensation is drained off via the safety overflow.

In the case of a malfunction or a failure in the thermal component, the condensation water is routed out of the unit via a drain pipe at the side or rear for safety reasons. For this purpose, a hose must be connected to the condensate nozzle (see section 5.4 "Connecting the condensate discharge"). Condensate hoses are available as accessories (see also the Rittal website).

3.1.6 Filter mats

The entire cooling unit condenser is covered with a dirtrepelling, easy-to-clean hydrophobic RiNano coating. In many applications, therefore, the use of filter media is unnecessary, particularly with dry dusts.

For dry, coarse dust and lint in the ambient air, we recommend installing an additional PU foam filter mat (available as an accessory) in the cooling unit. Depending on the incidence of dust, you will need to replace the filter mat from time to time.

For air containing oil condensate, we recommend the use of metal filters (also available as an accessory). These may be cleaned with suitable detergents and reused.

Function of the filter mat monitor (with e-Comfort controller only):

Dirt on the filter mat is automatically determined by measuring the temperature difference in the external circuit of the cooling unit. As the level of filter mat soiling increases, the temperature difference will increase. The setpoint value of the temperature difference in the external circuit adapts automatically to the relevant operating points in the performance diagrams. Hence there is no need to readjust the setpoint value for different unit operating points.

3.1.7 Door limit switch

The cooling unit may be operated with a floating door limit switch connected. The door limit switch is not included with the supply (available as an accessory, Model No. 4127.010).

The door limit switch function causes the fans and the compressor in the cooling unit to be switched off after approximately 15 seconds when the enclosure door is opened (contacts 1 and 2 closed). This prevents the formation of condensation inside the enclosure while the enclosure door is open. In order to prevent damage to the unit, it is equipped with an ON delay: The evaporator fan cuts back in with a delay of approximately 15 seconds after the door has been closed, while the condenser fan and compressor switch on after approximately 3 minutes.

Note: No external voltage may be applied to the

door contacts (terminals 1 and 2).

3.1.8 Additional interface X3

Note: The electrical signals at the interface are of an extra-low voltage (not extra-low safety voltages to EN 60 335).

To integrate the cooling unit in higher-level monitoring systems, the IoT Interface can be connected to the 9-pin sub-D connector X3 in conjunction with the Blue e IoT adaptor (available as accessory, IoT interface Model No. 3124.300, Blue e IoT adaptor Model No. 3124.310).

Intended use, foreseeable misuse 3.2

The cooling unit is only intended for cooling connected enclosures. Any other use is not permitted.

- The unit must not be installed and operated in locations which are accessible to the general public (see DIN EN 60335-2-40, paragraph 3.119).
- The unit is designed solely for stationary use.

The cooling unit is state of the art and built according to recognised safety regulations. Nevertheless, improper use can pose a threat to the life and limb of the user or

EN

4 Transport and handling

third parties, or result in possible damage to the system and other property.

Consequently, the cooling unit must only be used properly and in a technically sound condition! Any malfunctions which impair safety should be rectified immediately.

Proper use also includes the observance of the documentation provided, and compliance with the inspection and maintenance conditions.

Rittal GmbH & Co. KG is not liable for any damage which may result from failure to comply with the documentation provided. The same applies to failure to comply with the valid documentation for any accessories used. Inappropriate use may be dangerous. Examples of inappropriate include:

- Use of the cooling unit over long periods with the enclosure open.
- Use of impermissible tools.
- Improper operation.
- Improper rectification of malfunctions.
- Use of accessories not approved by Rittal GmbH & Co. KG.

3.3 Scope of supply

The unit is supplied in a packaging unit in a fully assembled state.

Please check the scope of supply for completeness.

Qty.	Description
1	Enclosure cooling unit
1 1	Dispatch bag: – Sealing plate (3273.xxx, 3383.xxx, 3384.xxx, 3385.xxx)
1	- Sealing frame
1	 Plug-in terminal strip
1	 Assembly and installation instructions
1	 Angular connector
1	– Screw-in nozzle
	Assembly parts

Tab. 1: Scope of supply

4 Transport and handling

4.1 Delivery

The cooling unit is supplied in one packaging unit.

Check the packaging carefully for signs of damage. Traces of oil on damaged packaging indicate a loss of refrigerant and/or a leak in the cooling unit. Any packaging damage may be the cause of a subsequent functional failure.

4.2 Unpacking

■ Remove the packaging materials from the cooling unit.

Note:

After unpacking, the packaging materials must be disposed of in an environmentally friendly way.

Check the cooling unit for any damage that may have occurred during transport.

Note:

Damage and other faults, e.g. incomplete delivery, should be reported immediately, in writing, to the shipping company and to Rittal GmbH & Co. KG.

Check the supply contents for completeness (see section 3.3 "Scope of supply").

4.3 Transport

Cooling units weigh up to 77 kg.

Caution!



Please note the maximum weights that may be lifted by individuals. It may be necessary to use lifting gear.

An M12 thread is provided on top of the cover for screwfastening a Rittal eyebolt (e.g. belonging to an enclosure). The cooling unit is readily transported with the aid of lifting gear and an indoor crane.



An eyebolt with M12 thread may be ordered as an accessory from Rittal (see Rittal website).

- Before transporting by crane, please ensure that the lifting gear and crane have sufficient load capacity to transport the cooling unit safely.
- Never allow anyone to stand beneath a suspended load, even for a short time, during transportation by crane.
- Protect the lifting gear on the crane hook from load deflection, because the load's centre of gravity may be off-centre.
- First position the cooling unit close to the installation site and protect from accidentally being knocked over.

4.4 Further information concerning transportation

The roof-mounted cooling unit, mounted on an enclosure, is not suitable for transportation. There is a risk of leakage occurring.

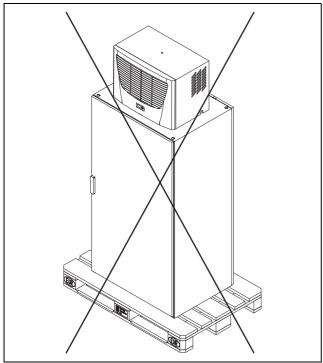


Fig. 3: Transporting an already assembled cooling unit is prohibited

Until initial commissioning by the end customer, the cooling unit may be transported only on the original pallet.

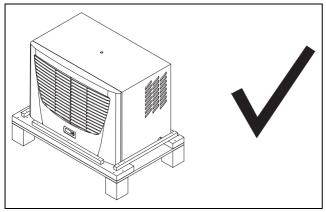


Fig. 4: Transportation of the cooling unit on a pallet

5 Assembly and connection

5.1 Choosing the installation site

When choosing the installation site for the enclosure, please observe the following:

- The site for the enclosure and the positioning of the cooling unit must be carefully selected so as to ensure good ventilation. Depending on the siting of the unit, if several units are installed directly adjacent to one another, the distance from the wall must be at least 200 mm.
- The cooling unit must be installed and operated in a horizontal position (maximum deviation: 2°).
- The site must be free from excessive dirt, aggressive ambient conditions and moisture.
- The ambient temperature must be within the limits specified on the rating plate.
- It must be possible to fit a condensate discharge (see section 5.4 "Connecting the condensate discharge").
- The mains connection data as stated on the rating plate of the unit must be guaranteed.

5.2 Notes on assembly

5.2.1 General

- Check the packaging carefully for signs of damage. Traces of oil on damaged packaging are an indication of refrigerant loss and leakages. Any packaging damage may be the cause of a subsequent functional failure.
- The enclosure must be sealed on all sides (IP 54). Increased condensation will occur if the enclosure is not airtight.
- In order to avoid excessive condensation inside the enclosure, we recommend installing a door limit switch (e.g. 4127.010) which deactivates the cooling unit when the enclosure door is opened (see section 3.1.7 "Door limit switch").

5.2.2 Layout of the electronic components in the enclosure

P Note:

Risk of condensation!

When arranging the components inside the enclosure, please ensure that the cold airflow from the cooling unit is not directed at active components. Please also ensure that the cold airflow is not directed at the warm exhaust airflow from active components such as converters. This may lead to an air shortcircuit and therefore prevent adequate climate control, or may even cause the cooling unit's internal safety devices to cease cooling operation.

5 Assembly and connection

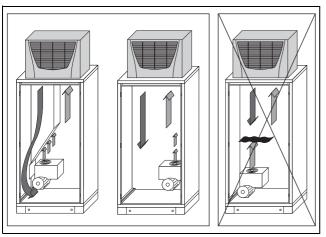


Fig. 5: Never direct the cold airflow at active components

Exercise particular caution with the airflow from the blowers of built-in electronic components (see fig. 5). Components for targeted air routing are available as accessories – see Rittal website.

Note:

When using an air duct system, care must be taken to ensure that it is laid straight and without kinks wherever possible. This minimises the resistance to the cold airflow.

It is important to ensure even air circulation inside the enclosure. Under no circumstances should air inlet and outlet openings be obstructed, otherwise the cooling performance of the unit will be reduced. Ensure a suitable distance from electronic components and other installed enclosures so that the required air circulation is not obstructed and prevented.

One cold air outlet from the cooling unit must be kept open at all times when operating with the air duct, to prevent the accumulation of cold air inside the unit.

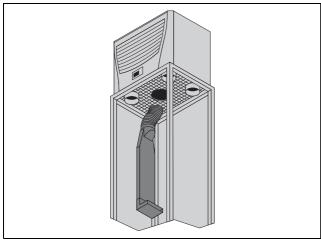


Fig. 6: Targeted air routing inside the enclosure

Note:

When using the cover bungs, only a maximum of 1 or 2 cold air outlet openings may be sealed, depending on the unit type.

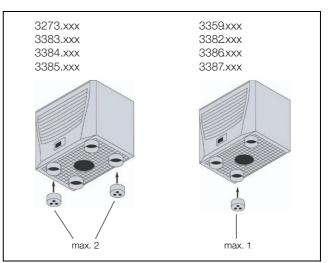


Fig. 7: Cover bungs

5.3 Fitting the cooling unit

The enclosure cooling unit is mounted on top of the enclosure roof:

For this purpose, you must cut the roof plate as specified in the drawing in section 12 "Cut-out and hole sizes".

5.3.1 Making the cut-outs

- Determine the required dimensions for the mounting cut-out as shown in the drawing.
- Remove the roof plate from the enclosure on which the roof-mounted cooling unit should be mounted.
- Drill all the required holes and make the mounting cutout.
- Carefully deburr all drilled holes and the cut-out to prevent injuries caused by sharp edges.



Caution!

There is a risk of injury on sharp cutouts which have not been properly deburred, especially while mounting the cooling unit.

Remount the roof plate onto the enclosure.

5.3.2 Top mounting of the cooling unit

Affix the supplied sealing frame onto the cut out roof plate.

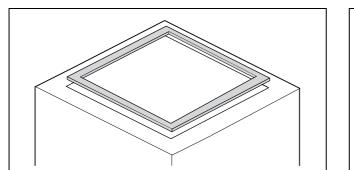


Fig. 8: Sealing frame on roof plate

Stick the supplied insulation film around the condensate evaporator housing of the cooling unit (3273.xxx, 3359.xxx, 3382.xxx, 3383.xxx, 3384.xxx, 3385.xxx).

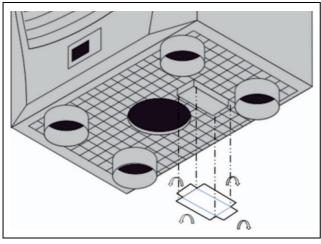
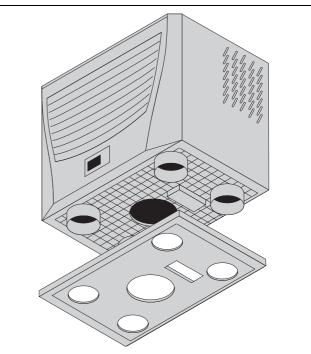


Fig. 9: Insulation film around the condensate evaporator housing

■ Affix the supplied sealing plate to the bottom of the plastic base of the cooling unit (3273.xxx, 3359.xxx, 3382.xxx, 3383.xxx, 3384.xxx, 3385.xxx).

EN



- Fig. 10: Sealing plate underneath the plastic base of the cooling unit
- Mount the cooling unit on the enclosure roof.
- Screw the supplied twin-threaded bolts into the core holes in the plastic base on the underside of the cooling unit with a maximum of 5 Nm.
- Secure the unit using the supplied washers and nuts.
 - Note: In order to achieve a permanent seal between the cooling unit and the enclosure, the mounting surface should be reinforced or supported if necessary. This is particularly applicable with large roof areas. Accessories for roof plate reinforcement: see Rittal website.

5.4 Connecting the condensate discharge

A condensate discharge hose (Ø $^{1/_{2}^{\prime\prime}}$) may be fitted to the cooling unit.

The condensate discharge

- must be laid with a suitable and constant gradient (no siphoning)
- must be laid without kinks
- must not have a reduced cross-section if extended

The condensate hose is available as an accessory (refer also to Accessories in the Rittal Catalogue).

5 Assembly and connection

EN

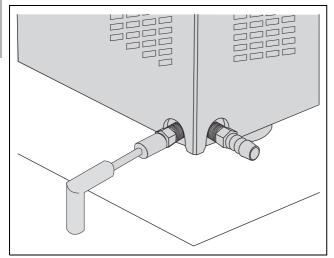


Fig. 11: Connecting the condensate discharge

Connect a suitable hose to one of the two condensate nozzles and secure using a hose clip.

The condensate nozzle that is not required should be sealed.

Lay the condensate hose, e.g. into a drain.

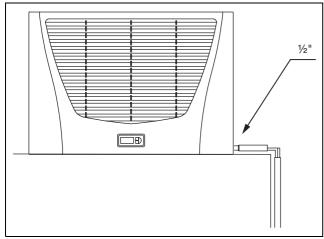


Fig. 12: Laying the condensate discharge

5.5 Notes on electrical installation

When performing the electrical installation, it is important to observe all valid national and regional regulations as well as the provisions of the responsible power supply company. The electrical installation may only be carried out by a qualified electrician who is responsible for compliance with the applicable standards and regulations.

5.5.1 Connection data

- The connected voltage and frequency must correspond to the values stated on the rating plate.
- The cooling unit must be connected to the mains via an all-pin isolating device, which ensures at least 3 mm contact opening when switched off.
- No additional temperature control may be connected upstream of the unit at the supply end.
- The mains connection must ensure low-noise potential equalisation.

5.5.2 Overvoltage protection and supply line load

- The unit does not have its own overvoltage protection. Measures must be taken by the operator at the supply end to ensure effective lightning and overvoltage protection. The mains voltage must not exceed a tolerance of ±10%.
- The fans and compressors in single- and three-phase units are intrinsically safe (thermal winding protection). The same also applies to all transformer versions and to special-voltage units which are likewise equipped with a transformer.
- Install the protective device specified on the rating plate to protect the line and equipment from short-circuits (miniature circuit-breaker with appropriate characteristic – e.g. "K" characteristic – or gG standard type slow fuse).

5.5.3 Three-phase devices

- The electrical connection for devices in the threephase version MUST be made with a clockwise rotating field.
- The three-phase version must be connected to a TN network with star earthing via a circuit-breaker for plant protection (current setting as per the rating plate). Three-phase units with special voltages must be protected with a circuit-breaker for transformer protection (category AC-3) as per the rating plate.
- Units designed for three phase 400/460 V feature additional monitoring of the rotary field or the absence of a phase. If the rotary field is incorrect or a phase is absent, the unit will not run.

5.5.4 Door limit switch

- Each door limit switch must only be assigned to one cooling unit.
- Several door limit switches may be connected in parallel to one cooling unit.
- The minimum cross-section for the connection cable is 0.3 mm² for a cable length of 2 m.
 We recommend the use of a shielded cable.
- The line resistance to the door limit switch must not exceed a maximum of 50 Ω .
- The door limit switch only supports a floating connection; no external voltages.
- The contact of the door limit switch must be closed when the door is open.

The safety extra-low voltage for the door limit switch is provided by the internal power pack: Current approx. 30 mA DC.

Connect the door limit switch to terminals 1 and 2 of the connector.

5.5.5 Notes on the flicker standard

The flicker limits specified in standard EN 61 000-3-3 or -3-11 are adhered to, provided the supply impedance is less than approx. 1.5 $\Omega.$

Where necessary, the unit operator should measure the connected impedance or consult the responsible power supply company. If there is no way of influencing the supply impedance and sensitive installed components (e.g. BUS) are subjected to interference, a line reactor or starting-current limiting device should be connected upstream of the cooling unit to restrict the startup current of the cooling unit.

5.5.6 Potential equalisation

If, for EMC reasons, the unit is to be integrated into the customer's existing potential equalisation system, a conductor with a larger nominal cross-section can be connected to the potential equalisation connection point (attachment points) on the roof-mounted cooling units. According to the standard, the PE conductor in the mains connection cable is not classified as an equipotential bonding conductor.



Fig. 13: Connection point, potential equalisation

5.6 Making the electrical connection

5.6.1 Bus connection (only when interconnecting several units with a Comfort controller)

When using several cooling units, the serial device interface X2 can be used to connect up to ten cooling units with the bus cable (Model No. 3124.100).

→ Note:

The electrical signals at the X2 interface are of an extra-low voltage (not extra-low safety voltages in accordance with EN 60 335-1).

When interconnecting, please note the following:

- De-energise the cooling units to be connected
- Ensure proper electrical insulation
- Make sure the cables are not laid in parallel to power lines
- Make sure that the lines are short

∽_ Note:

With the last slave unit in the group, do not, under any circumstances, connect the remaining socket of the Y cable 3124.100 into interface X3 of the cooling unit!

5.6.2 Connection X3 for serial interface

To integrate the cooling unit in higher-level monitoring systems, the IoT Interface can be connected to the 9-pin sub-D connector X3 in conjunction with the Blue e IoT adaptor (available as accessory, IoT interface Model No. 3124.300, Blue e IoT adaptor Model No. 3124.310).

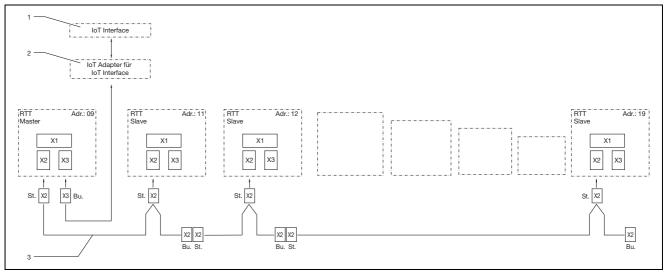


Fig. 14: Connection example: Master-slave operation

Key

- 1 IoT Interface (model no.3124.300)
- 2 Blue e IoT adaptor (model no. 3124.310)
- 3 Master-slave bus cable (Model No. 3124.100)
- RTT Rittal TopTherm cooling units

- X1 Supply connection/door limit switch/alarms
- X2 Master/slave connection Sub-D, 9-pole
- X3 Serial interface Sub-D, 9-pole
- St. Sub-D connector, 9-pole
- Bu. Sub-D jack, 9-pole

5 Assembly and connection



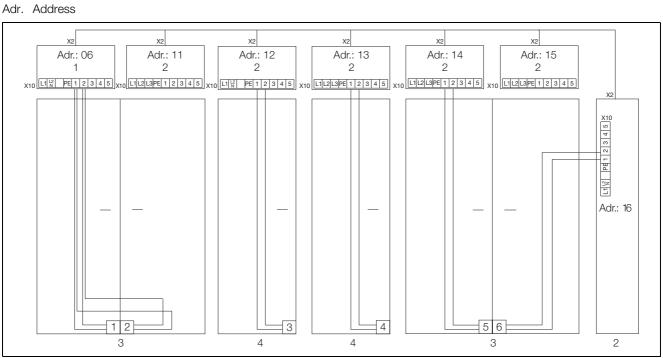


Fig. 15: Connection example: Door limit switch and master-slave operation

Key

1 Master cooling unit

- 2 Slave cooling units
- 3 2-door enclosure with two door limit switches
- 4 Enclosure with door limit switch

5.6.3 Installing the power supply

- Complete the electrical installation as per the wiring plan inside the cooling unit underneath the cable shaft cover (see fig. 31 on page 23, marked with an arrow).
- If you would like the system messages from the cooling unit to be evaluated via the system message relay, you should also connect a suitable low-voltage cable to connection pins 3 – 5.

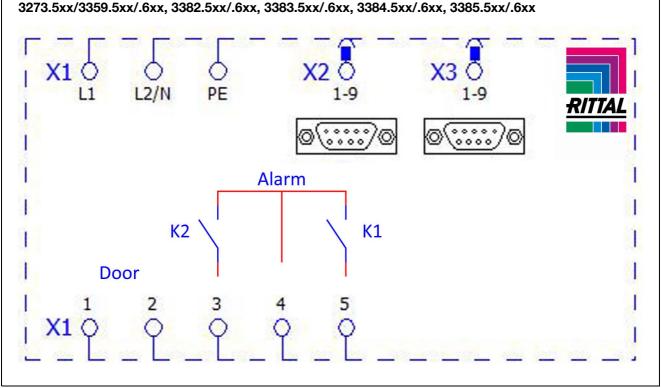


Fig. 16: Electrical wiring plan no. 1

5 Assembly and connection

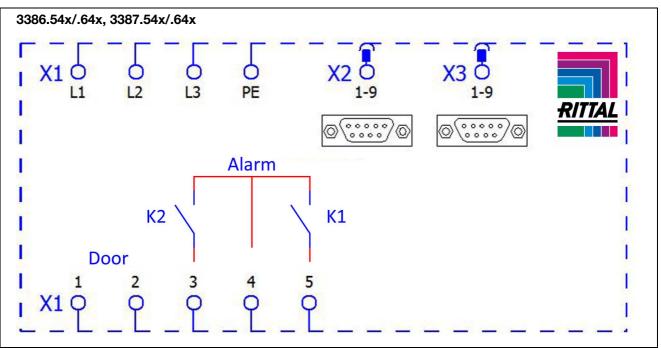


Fig. 17: Electrical wiring plan no. 3

Key

X1 Main terminal strip

- X2 Master/slave connection
- X3 Optional interface
- K1 Relay collective fault 1
- K2 Relay collective fault 2
- Door Door limit switch (without door limit switch: terminal 1, 2 open)

, Note:

For technical data, refer to the rating plate.

AC	DC
cos φ = 1	Res. Load
l max. = 2 A U max. = 250 V	I min. = 100 mA U max. = 30 V I max. = 2 A

Tab. 2: Relay contact data

5.7 Finalising assembly

5.7.1 Installing the filter media

The entire cooling unit condenser is covered with a dirtrepelling, easy-to-clean hydrophobic RiNano coating. In many applications, therefore, the use of filter media is unnecessary, particularly with dry dusts.

For dry, coarse dust and lint in the ambient air, we recommend installing an additional PU foam filter mat (available as an accessory) in the cooling unit. For air containing oil condensate, we recommend the use of metal filters (also available as an accessory).

- Pull the louvred air inlet grille off the enclosure.
- Insert the filter mat.
- Then push the louvred grille back onto the enclosure.

5.7.2 Fitting the cooling unit

- Connect the connector to the rear of the display.
- Place the louvred grille onto the unit at the front, and press it down until you hear it snap into place.

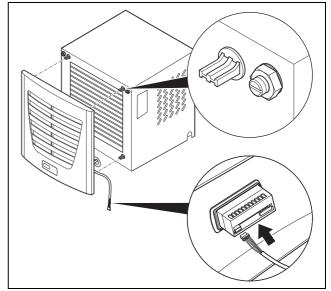


Fig. 18: Connect the display and attach the louvred grille

5.7.3 Setting the filter mat monitor

Function of the filter mat monitor:

Dirt on the filter mat is automatically detected by measuring the temperature difference in the external circuit of the cooling unit (see section 7.1.6 "Programming overview"). As the level of filter mat soiling increases, the temperature difference will increase. The setpoint value of the temperature difference in the external circuit adapts automatically to the relevant operating points in the performance diagrams. Hence there is no need to

6 Start-up

readjust the setpoint value for different unit operating points.

6 Start-up

Note:

The oil must be collected in the compressor in order to ensure effective lubrication and cooling.

Do not operate the cooling unit for at least 30 minutes after assembling the equipment.

Once all the assembly and installation work is complete, switch on the power supply to the cooling unit. The cooling unit starts running:

- The software version of the controller first appears for approx. 2 seconds, then "ECO" to show Eco mode is enabled. The internal enclosure temperature will then appear in the 7-segment display.

You can now make your individual settings on the unit e.g. set the temperature or assign the network identifier etc. (refer to section 7 "Operation").

7 Operation

You can operate the cooling unit using the controller on the front of the device (fig. 1, item 5).

7.1 Control using the e-Comfort controller

For unit types xxxx.500/.510/.540 and xxxx.600/.610/ .640.

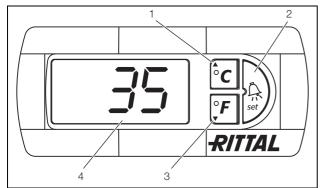


Fig. 19: e-Comfort controller

Key

1 Programming button, also display of the set temperature unit (degrees Celsius)

- 2 Set button
- 3 Programming button, also display of the set temperature unit (degrees Fahrenheit)
- 4 7-segment display

7.1.1 Properties

- Rated operating voltage:

- 115 V or
- 230 V or
- 400 V, 2-phase or
- 400/460 V, 3-phase

- Integral start-up delay and door limit switch function.
- Protective function to prevent icing.
- Monitoring of all motors (compressor, condenser fan, evaporator fan).
- Phase monitoring for three-phase units.
- Master-slave function with a maximum of ten units.
 One device functions as a master unit. Once the set temperature is reached by one of the connected slave devices or in the event of the door limit switch function, the affected slave unit will report to the master unit that switches all the other cooling units on or off as required.
- Switching hysteresis: adjustable within the range 2 10 K, preset to 5 K.
- Visualisation of the current internal enclosure temperature and all error messages in the 7-segment display.
- Using the IoT interface (Model No. 3124.300) in conjunction with the Blue e IoT adapter (Model No. 3124.310), the unit can be incorporated into higher-level remote monitoring systems.

The cooling unit operates automatically, i.e. after switching on the power supply, the evaporator fan (see fig. 2) will run and circulate the internal enclosure air. The compressor and condenser fan are regulated by the e-Comfort controller.

The e-Comfort controller has a 7-segment display (fig. 19, item 4). After switching on the power supply, the current software version initially appears on this display for approx. 2 seconds together with the symbol to show Eco mode is enabled, followed by a preset option (e.g. t10) or the temperature.

In regular operation, the display shows both the temperature (in degrees Celsius or Fahrenheit – users may switch between the two) and any error messages. The current internal enclosure temperature is usually displayed permanently. In the event of an error message, this alternates with the temperature display.

The unit is programmed using buttons 1 - 3 (fig. 19). The relevant parameters also appear in the display.

7.1.2 Eco mode

All Rittal TopTherm cooling units with e-Comfort controller from firmware 3.2 have the energy-saving eco mode, which is enabled in the delivered state.

The eco mode is used to save energy in the heat exchanger if there is no thermal load, or there is a low thermal load in the enclosure (e.g. standby operation, no production or weekend).

During this process the evaporator fan in the internal circuit is switched off as appropriate if the actual internal enclosure temperature drops to 10 K below the specified setpoint temperature. To ensure the internal temperature is reliably measured during this process, the fan starts cyclically for 30 sec. every 10 minutes (see fig. 20). If the internal temperature drops to a range 5 K below the setpoint set again, the fan switches back to continuous operation.

If required, eco mode can be disabled on the control dis-

play. For this purpose switch the parameter from 1 to 0 in the programming level (see tab. 3). The fan then runs continuously.

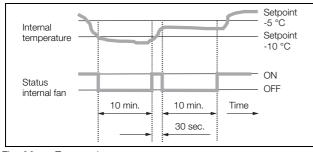


Fig. 20: Eco mode

7.1.3 Launching test mode

The e-Comfort controller is equipped with a test function whereby the cooling unit commences cooling operation independently of the set temperature or door limit switch function.

Simultaneously press buttons 1 and 2 (fig. 19) for at least five seconds.

The cooling unit will commence operation.

Test mode is completed after approximately 5 minutes. The unit switches off and changes to normal operation.

7.1.4 General information about programming

Using buttons 1, 2 and 3 (fig. 19) you can change 24 parameters within the preset ranges (min. value – max. value).

Tables 3 and 4 show the parameters which can be altered. Fig. 22 on page 17 shows which buttons must be pressed.



Note on switching hysteresis:

With a low hysteresis and short switching cycles, there is a risk that cooling may not be adequate or that only partial sections of the enclosure are cooled. If the cooling unit is oversized and compressor run times are too long < 1 minute, the switching hysteresis to protect the cooling unit is automatically increased (see message "LH" in section 7.1.9 "Evaluating system messages").

Note on temperature settings:

With the e-Comfort controller, the temperature is preset at the factory to +35 °C. In order to save energy, and due to the risk of increased condensation, do not set the temperature lower than that actually necessary.

Note on useful cooling power:

Interactive performance diagrams for calculating the useful cooling power may be found at www.rittal.com.

In principle, the programming is identical for all editable parameters.

To enter programming mode:

■ Press button 2 ("Set") for approx. 5 seconds.

The controller is now in programming mode. While in programming mode, if you do not press any buttons for approx. 30 seconds, the display will first flash, then the controller will switch back to normal display mode. "Esc" in the display indicates that any changes made have not been saved.

- Press the programming buttons ▲ (°C) or ▼ (°F) to switch between the editable parameters (see tables 3 and 4).
- Press button 2 ("Set") to select the displayed parameter for editing.
- The current value of this parameter is displayed.
- Press one of the programming buttons ▲ (°C) or ▼ (°F).

"Cod" will appear in the display. In order to be able to change a value, you must enter the authorisation code "22".

- Keep the ▲ programming button (°C) held down until "22" appears.
- Press button 2 ("Set") to confirm the code.
- You can now alter the parameter within the preset limits.
- Press one of the programming buttons ▲ (°C) or ▼ (°F) until the required value appears.
- Press button 2 ("Set") to confirm the change.

You can now alter other parameters in the same way. There is no need to re-enter the authorisation code "22".

■ To exit programming mode, press button 2 ("Set") again for approximately five seconds.

"Acc" will appear in the display to indicate that the changes have been saved. The display then switches back to regular operation (internal enclosure temperature).

You can also program the e-Comfort controller using a diagnosis software package (Model No. 3159.100), which is supplied with a connection cable to the PC. The cable connector on the rear of the e-Comfort controller display serves as an interface.

EN

7.1.5 Editable parameters

See also fig. 22 on page 17.

Progr. level	Display screen	Parameter	Min. value	Max. value	Factory setting	Description
1	St	Internal enclosure temperature set-	20 °C	55 °C	35 °C	The internal enclosure temperature setting is preset at the factory to 35 °C (95 °F) and may be
		point T _i	68 °F	131 °F	95 °F	altered within a range of $20 - 55$ °C (68 – 131 °F).
2	Fi	Filter mat monitor- ing	10 °C	60 °C	99 (= off)	To enable filter mat monitoring, the display should be set to a minimum of 10 K (18 °F)
			18 °F	108 °F	178 (= off)	above the temperature difference shown in pro- gramming mode "Fi"; filter mat monitoring is dis- abled at the factory (99 = off).
3	Ad	Master-slave identifier	0	19	0	See section 7.1.8 "Setting the master/slave identifier".
4	CF	Switch between °C/°F	0	1	0	The temperature display can be switched be- tween °C (0) and °F (1). The LED displays the current unit of temperature.
5	H1	Setting for switch-	2 K	10 K	5 K	The cooling unit is preset in the factory to a
		ing difference (hysteresis)	4 °F	18 °F	9 °F	switching hysteresis of 5 K (9 °F). This parame- ter should only be changed in consultation with us. Please contact us for advice.
6	H2	Differential for er- ror message A2	3 K	15 K	5 K	If the internal enclosure temperature exceeds the set value by more than 5 K (9 °F), then error
			5 °F	27 °F	9°F	message A2 (internal enclosure temperature too high) appears on the display terminal. If neces- sary, the differential may be altered here within the range of $3 - 15 \text{ K} (5 - 27 ^{\circ}\text{F})$.
26	ECO	Eco-mode opera- tion	0	1	1	Eco mode OFF: 0 / Eco mode ON: 1
27	PSO	Changing the au- thorisation code	0	15	0	This parameter allows you to change the "22" authorisation code (factory setting). The new code results from the sum of 22 + PSO.

Tab. 3: Editable parameters

7 Operation

EN

7.1.6 Programming overview

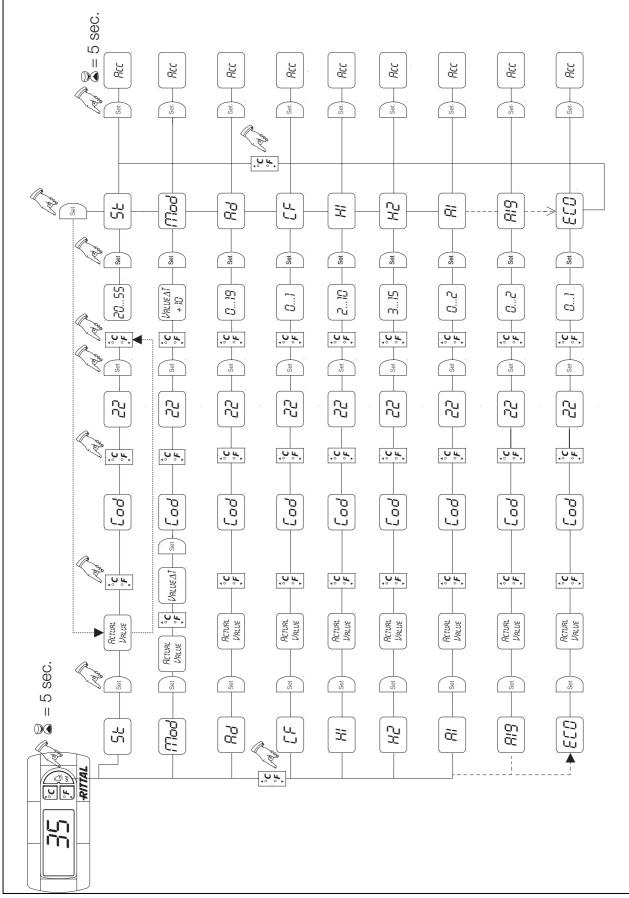


Fig. 21: Programming overview

7.1.7 Defining system messages for evaluation

System messages are shown on the display screen of the e-Comfort controller via the displays A1 to A20 and E0. A more detailed explanation of the system messages may be found in section 7.1.9 "Evaluating system messages".

See also fig. 21 on page 17.

Progr. level	Display screen	Min. value	Max. value	Factory setting	Type or location of fault	
7	A1	0	2	0	Enclosure door open	
8	A2	0	2	0	Internal temperature of enclosure too high	
9	A3	0	2	0	Filter monitoring	
10	A4	0	2	0	Ambient temperature too high/low	
11	A5	0	2	0	Icing hazard	
12	A6	0	2	1	PSA ^H pressure switch	
13	A7	0	2	2	Evaporator coil	
14	A8	0	2	1	Condensate warning	
15	A9	0	2	1	Condenser fan blocked or defective	
16	A10	0	2	1	Evaporator fan blocked or defective	
17	A11	0	2	2	Compressor	
18	A12	0	2	1	Condenser	
19	A13	0	2	1	Ambient temperature sensor	
20	A14	0	2	1	Icing temperature sensor	
21	A15	0	2	1	Condensate warning temperature sensor	
22	A16	0	2	1	Internal temperature sensor	
23	A17	0	2	1	Phase monitoring	
24	A18	0	2	0	EPROM	
25	A19	0	2	0	LAN/Master-Slave	

Tab. 4: System messages that can be evaluated via relays

The system messages A1 - A19 may also be evaluated via two floating system message relays. In this way, one of the two system message relays may be allocated to each system message.

System message relays with normally open contact, see wiring diagrams at section 5.6.3 "Installing the power supply":

- Terminal 3: NO (normally open, relay 2)
- Terminal 4: C (connection of the supply voltage to the system message relay)
- Terminal 5: NO (normally open, relay 1)

The definition NO refers to the de-energised state. As soon as power is applied to the cooling unit, both system message relays (relay 1 and 2) energise.

This is the normal operating state of the cooling unit. As soon as a system message occurs or the power supply is interrupted, the corresponding relay will drop out and open the contact. Program system messages with the value

- 0: System message is not sent to the system message relay, but merely appears in the display
- 1: System message is evaluated by relay 1
- 2: System message is evaluated by relay 2

7.1.8 Setting the master/slave identifier

When several cooling units are connected together (maximum ten), one of the cooling units must be defined as the "master" and the others as "slaves". For this purpose, assign a corresponding identifier (address) to each cooling unit which will enable the cooling unit to be identified in the network.

If one of the slave units reaches the set temperature or if the door limit switch function is activated, the affected slave unit will report to the master unit, which then deactivates all the other cooling units.

7 Operation

Notes:

 Only one unit may be configured as master, and its identifier must match the number of connected slave units.

- The slave units must have different identifiers.
- The identifiers must be numbered in ascending order without any gaps.

On the **master cooling unit** (00 = factory setting), set

the number of slave units present in the network:

- 01: Master with 1 slave cooling unit
- 02: Master with 2 slave cooling units
- 03: Master with 3 slave cooling units
- 04: Master with 4 slave cooling units
- 05: Master with 5 slave cooling units
- 06: Master with 6 slave cooling units
- 07: Master with 7 slave cooling units
- 08: Master with 8 slave cooling units
- 09: Master with 9 slave cooling units

On the **slave cooling unit** (00 = factory setting), set its own address:

- 11: Slave cooling unit no. 1
- 12: Slave cooling unit no. 2
- 13: Slave cooling unit no. 3

- 14: Slave cooling unit no. 4
- 15: Slave cooling unit no. 5
- 16: Slave cooling unit no. 6
- 17: Slave cooling unit no. 7
- 18: Slave cooling unit no. 8
- 19: Slave cooling unit no. 9

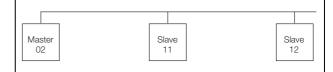


Fig. 22: Master/slave connection (example)

For further connection examples, see section 5.6.1 "Bus connection (only when interconnecting several units with a Comfort controller)".

For details of how to set the identifier, see section 7.1.5 "Editable parameters" or section 7.1.6 "Programming overview", parameter "Ad".

7.1.9 Evaluating system messages

In the e-Comfort controller, system messages are indicated by a number in the display.

Following the appearance of messages A03, A06 and A07 and after rectifying their cause, you will need to reset the e-Comfort controller (see section 7.1.10 "Resetting the e-Comfort controller").

Display screen	System message	Possible cause	Measures to rectify the fault
A01	Enclosure door open	Door open or door limit switch incor- rectly positioned	Close door, position door limit switch cor- rectly, check connection if necessary
A02	Internal temperature of enclosure too high	Cooling capacity inadequate/unit un- dersized. Error as a consequence of messages A03 to A17.	Check cooling capacity
A03	Filter monitoring	Filter mat soiled	Clean or replace; reset the e-Comfort controller
A04	Ambient temperature too high/low	Ambient temperature outside permis- sible operating range (+10 °C to +60 °C)	Raise or lower the ambient temperature (e.g. heat or ventilate the room)
A05	Icing hazard	Operational display in case of icing hazard. Evaporator coil fan may be mechani- cally blocked, defective, or cold air outlet obstructed.	Set the enclosure interior temperature to a higher value. Check the evaporator fan; release or exchange if necessary.

Tab. 5: Troubleshooting with the e-Comfort controller

7 Operation

Display screen	System message	Possible cause	Measures to rectify the fault	
A06 PSA ^H pressure switch		Ambient temperature too high	Lower the ambient temperature; reset the e-Comfort controller	
		Condenser soiled	Clean the condenser; reset the e-Comfort controller	
		Filter mat soiled	Clean or replace; reset the e-Comfort controller	
		Condenser fan defective	Replace; reset the e-Comfort controller	
		E-valve defective	Repair by refrigeration engineer; reset the e-Comfort controller	
		PSA ^H pressure switch defective	Refrigeration engineer to exchange reset the e-Comfort controller	
A07	Evaporator coil	Lack of refrigerant; Sensor in front of or behind condenser defective	Repair by refrigeration engineer; reset the e-Comfort controller	
A08	Condensate warning	Condensate discharge kinked or blocked	Check condensate drainage; correct any kinks or blockages in the hose	
		Only for units with optional conden- sate evaporation	Check the evaporation unit, replace if ne sary	
A09	Condenser fan	Blocked or defective	Clear the blockage; replace if necessary	
A10	Evaporator fan	Blocked or defective	Clear the blockage; replace if necessary	
A11	Compressor	Compressor overloaded (internal winding protection)	No action required; Unit switches on again independently	
		Defective (check by measuring the winding re- sistance)	Replace by a refrigeration engineer	
A12	Condenser tempera- ture sensor	Open or short-circuit	Replace	
A13	Ambient temperature sensor	Open or short-circuit	Replace	
A14	Icing temperature sen- sor	Open or short-circuit	Replace	
A15	Condensate warning temperature sensor	Open or short-circuit	Replace	
A16	Internal temperature sensor	Open or short-circuit	Replace	
A17	Phase monitoring	For three-phase devices only: Incor- rect rotary field/phase absent	Swap two phases	
A18	EPROM error	New board installed incorrectly	Software update needed (only following board installation with more recent software Enter the programming level with Code 22 press button 1 and confirm with "Set" unti "Acc" appears. Next, disconnect the unit from the mains and reconnect.	
A19	LAN/Master-Slave	Master and slave not connected	Check setting and/or cable	

Tab. 5: Troubleshooting with the e-Comfort controller

EN

Display screen	System message	Possible cause	Measures to rectify the fault				
A20	Voltage drop	Error display not shown	Event is stored in the log file				
EO	Display message	Connection problem between the display and the controller board	Reset: Switch power supply off, then switch on again after approx. 2 sec.				
		Cable defective; connection loose	Replace the boards				
OL	Overload	Ambient parameters or heat loss outsid	e the applicable limits				
LH	Low Heat	Minimal heat loss in enclosure.					
b07	Leak in the cooling cir- cuit	Sensor B3 and B4 swapped over	Swap the sensors				
rSt	Reset	Manual device reset required, see section 7.1.10 "Resetting the e-Comfort controller".					

Tab. 5: Troubleshooting with the e-Comfort controller

7.1.10 Resetting the e-Comfort controller

After the occurrence of faults A03, A06 and A07, you will need to reset the e-Comfort controller.

■ Press buttons 1 (▲) and 3 (▼) (fig. 19) simultaneously for 5 seconds.

The system messages disappear and the temperature display is shown.

8 Inspection and maintenance



The unit is live.

Warning!

Switch off the power supply before opening, and take suitable precautions against it being accidentally switched back on.



Caution!

Maintenance tasks on the refrigerant circuit must only be undertaken by a qualified refrigeration specialist.

The cooling circuit is designed in the form of a maintenance-free, hermetically sealed system. The cooling unit is filled with the required quantity of refrigerant at the factory, checked for leaks, and subjected to a functional test run.

The installed maintenance-free fans are mounted on ball bearings, protected against moisture and dust, and fitted with a temperature monitor. The life expectancy is at least 30,000 operating hours (L10, 40 °C). The cooling unit is thus largely maintenance-free. All that may be required from time to time is to clean the components of the external air circuit using a vacuum cleaner or compressed air if they become visibly dirty. Any stubborn, oily stains may be removed using a non-flammable detergent, such as degreaser.

Maintenance interval: 2,000 operating hours. Depending on the level of contamination in the ambient air, the maintenance interval may be reduced to suit the air pollution intensity.



Caution! Never use flammable liquids for cleaning.

Sequence of maintenance measures:

- Check the level of dirt.
- Filter soiling? Replace the filter if necessary.
- Cooling membranes soiled? Clean if necessary.
- Activate test mode; cooling function OK?
- Check noise generation of compressor and fans.

8.1 Compressed air cleaning

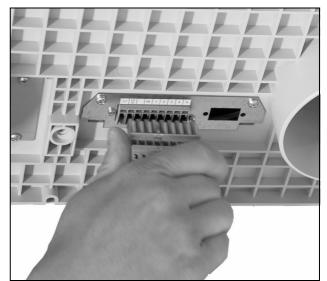


Fig. 23: Disconnect the mains plug

8 Inspection and maintenance

EN



Fig. 24: Release the louvred grille



Fig. 25: Remove the louvred grille



Fig. 26: Disconnect the connector from the display



Fig. 27: Disconnect the earthing cable

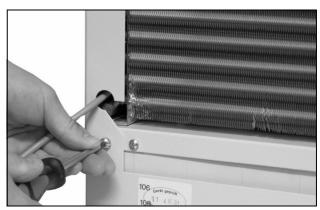


Fig. 28: Remove the assembly screws from the cover (loosen four screws)



Fig. 29: Remove the cover

9 Storage and disposal

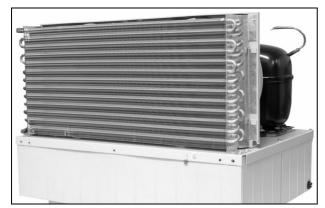


Fig. 30: Cooling unit without cover (front view)



Fig. 31: Cooling unit without cover (rear view)

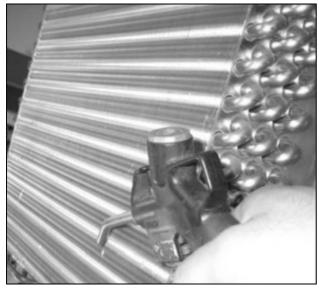


Fig. 32: Clean the heat exchanger coil and compressor chamber using compressed air



Fig. 33: Fit the louvred grille

9 Storage and disposal

Note:

When storing the cooling unit, please observe the temperature range given in the technical specifications (see section 10.1 "Technische Daten").

■ Store the cooling unit in an upright position.

The closed cooling cycle contains refrigerant and oil, which must be properly disposed of for the protection of the environment. Facilities for disposal are available at the Rittal plant.

Please contact us for advice.

10 Technical details

10.1 Technical specifications

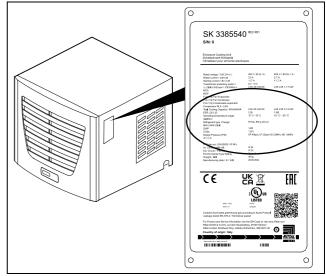


Fig. 34: Rating plate (technical data)

- Observe the mains connection data (voltage and frequency) as per the rating plate. Observe the pre-fuse as per the specifications on the rating plate.

		Unit				Mode	el No.			
e-Comfort controller, RAL 7035		-	3382.500	3382.510	3359.500	3359.510	3359.540	3383.500	3383.510	3383.540
e-Comfort controller, Stainless steel cover		-	3382.600	3382.610	3359.600	3359.610	3359.640	3383.600	3383.610	3383.640
Rated voltage		V Hz	230, 1~, 50/60	115, 1~, 50/60	230, 1~, 50/60	115, 1~, 50/60	400, 2~, 50/60	230, 1~, 50/60	115, 1~, 50/60	400, 2~, 50/60
Rated current		А	2.3/2.6	5.9/6.8	2.8/3.7	6.4/8.4	1.6/2.1	3.1/4.5	6.2/8.4	1.7/2.2
Start-up current		А	9.1/8.8	18.2/15.9	9.2/9.0	18.4/18.0	5.4/5.2	8.8/10.1	14.4/15.8	4.6/5.7
Pre-fuse T		А	10.0	-	10.0	-	-	10.0	-	-
Circuit-breaker		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transformer circuit-breaker		-	_	6.310	-	1116	6.310	-	1116	6.310
Miniature circuit-breaker or gG slow fuse (T)		-	•	-	•	-	-		-	-
SCCR		kA			1	:	5			
	5 L 35 5 L 50	kW kW	0.60/0.65 0.47/0.48	0.60/0.65 0.47/0.48	0.77/0.78 0.60/0.47	0.77/0.78 0.60/0.47	0.77/0.78 0.60/0.47	1.00/1.09 0.80/0.81	1.00/1.09 0.80/0.81	1.00/1.09 0.80/0.81
Sensible cooling output P_s to DIN EN 14511 L 3	5 L 35	kW	0.37/0.42	0.37/0.42	0.76/0.77	0.76/0.77	0.76/0.77	1.00/1.09	1.00/1.09	1.00/1.09
	5 L 35 5 L 50	kW kW	0.37/0.34 0.41/0.39	0.37/0.34 0.41/0.39	0.36/0.42 0.40/0.48	0.36/0.42 0.40/0.48	0.36/0.42 0.40/0.48	0.42/0.56 0.48/0.65	0.42/0.56 0.48/0.65	0.42/0.56 0.48/0.65
Energy efficiency ratio (EER) 50 Hz L 3	5 L 35		1.	62		2.14			12.38	
Refrigerant – Ty – Fi		– g		13A 00		R-513A 400			R-513A 650	
GWP		-				6	31			
CO ₂ e		t	0.19	0.19	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.41	0.41	0.41
Permissible pressure (PS)		MPa		+		HP 2.8	LP 1.6	+	+	
Operating temperature rang	ge	°C	+10+55/+50+131							
Setting range		°C				+20+55/	468+131			
Noise level		dB (A)	5	59		60			62	
Protection category to IEC 60 529 – Internal circuit – – External circuit –			IP 54 IP 34							
UL-Type rating		-				1	2			
Dimensions (W x H x D) mm			Ę	597 x 417 x 38	0		Ę	597 x 417 x 47	5	
Weight		kg	30					16		
Storage temperature range		°C/°F		-40+158						
Humidity		%				595. non	-condensing			

10 Technical details

	Unit				Mod	el No.			
e-Comfort controller, RAL 7035	-	3273.500	3273.515	3384.500	3384.510	3384.540	3385.500	3385.510	3385.540
e-Comfort controller, Stainless steel cover	-	-	-	3384.600	3384.610	3384.640	3385.600	3385.610	3385.640
Rated voltage	V Hz	230, 1~, 50/60	115, 1~, 50/60	230, 1~, 50/60	115, 1~, 50/60	400, 2~, 50/60	230, 1~, 50/60	115, 1~, 50/60	400, 2~, 50/60
Rated current	А	5.2/5.4	11.0/11.5	5.5/6.4	11.0/12.5	3.2/3.8	6.5/7.9	15.8/16.0	4.2/4.4
Start-up current	А	15.5/16.5	32.0/35.0	14.7/13.6	27.2/23.2	8.7/7.6	19.7/17.9	42.2/31.1	11.7/11.7
Pre-fuse T	А	10.0	-	10.0	-	-	10.0	-	-
Circuit-breaker	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transformer circuit-breaker	-	-	1116	-	1420	6.310	-	1420	6.310
Miniature circuit-breaker or gG slow fuse (T)	-	•	-	•	-	-	•	-	-
SCCR	kA				:	5			
Total cooling output P _c to L 35 L 35 DIN EN 14511 L 35 L 50	kW kW	1.10/1.20 0.85/0.87	1.10/1.20 0.85/0.87	1.60/1.75 1.15/1.21	1.60/1.75 1.15/1.21	1.60/1.75 1.15/1.21	2.00/2.14 1.58/1.51	2.00/2.14 1.58/1.51	2.00/2.14 1.58/1.51
Sensible cooling output P _s to DIN EN 14511 L 35 L 35	kW	1.10/1.20	1.10/1.20	1.42/1.55	1.42/1.55	1.42/1.55	1.79/1.92	1.79/1.92	1.79/1.92
Rated output P _{el} to L 35 L 35 DIN EN 14511 L 35 L 50	kW kW	0.51/0.53 0.59/0.73	0.51/0.53 0.59/0.74	0.70/0.91 0.79/1.00	0.70/0.91 0.79/1.00	0.70/0.91 0.79/1.00	1.02/1.27 1.15/1.29	1.02/1.27 1.15/1.29	1.02/1.27 1.15/1.29
Energy efficiency ratio (EER) 50 Hz L 35 L 35		2.	12		2.29			1.96	
Refrigerant – Type – Filling	– g		13A 00		R-513A 880			R-513A 900	
GWP	-				6	31	1		
CO ₂ e	t	1	1	0.56	0.56	0.56	0.57	0.57	0.57
Permissible pressure	MPa				HP 2.8	LP 1.6			
Operating temperature range	°C			+1	0+55/+53 /	+50+131/+	127		
Setting range	°C				+20+55/	+68+131			
Noise level	dB (A)	5	51		61			70	
Protection category to IEC 60 529 – Internal circuit – External circuit		– IP 54 – IP 34							
UL-Type rating	_				1	2			
Dimensions (W x H x D)	mm				597 x 4	17 x 475			
Weight	kg	42	47	41	4	17	42	4	18
Storage temperature range	°C/°F		1	1	-40+70/	-40+158		1	
Humidity	%	1			595, non	-condensing			

EN

10 Technical details

	Unit	Model No.				
e-Comfort controller, RAL 7035	-	3386.540	3387.540			
e-Comfort controller, Stainless steel cover	-	3386.640	3387.640			
Rated voltage	V, Hz		400, 3~, 50/ 460, 3~, 60			
Rated current	A	3.4/3.4	4.1/4.5			
Start-up current	A	8.0/9.0	17.0/19.0			
Pre-fuse T	A		_			
Circuit-breaker	-		6.310			
Transformer circuit-breaker	-		-			
Miniature circuit-breaker or gG slow fuse (T)	-		-			
SCCR	kA		5			
Total cooling output Pc to L 35 L 35 DIN EN 14511 L 35 L 50	kW kW	3.00/3.30 2.20/2.50	3.80/4.00 3.05/3.30			
Sensible cooling output $\rm P_s$ to DIN EN 14511 $$ L 35 L 35	ĸW	2.70/3.18	3.47/3.70			
Rated output Pel L 35 L 35 IN EN 14511 L 35 L 50	kW kW	1.31/1.55 1.49/1.76	1.70/2.03 1.84/2.31			
Energy efficiency ratio (EER) 50 Hz L 35 L 35		2.29	2.24			
Refrigerant – Type – Filling	_ g	R-513A 1600	R-513A 1800			
GWP	-		631			
CO ₂ e	t	1.01	1.14			
Permissible pressure	MPa	ł	HP 2.8 LP 1.6			
Operating temperature range	°C	+10.	+55/+50+131			
Setting range	°C	+20.	+55/+68+131			
Noise level	dB (A)	64	70			
Protection category to IEC 60 529 – Internal circuit – External circuit	-	IP 54 IP 34				
UL-Type rating	-	12				
Dimensions (W x H x D)	mm	796 x 470 x 580				
Weight	kg	70 77				
Storage temperature range	°C/°F	-40+158				
Humidity	%	59	5, non-condensing			

10.2 Performance diagrams

The performance diagrams can be found on the Rittal homepage: http://www.rittal.com/imf/none/3_5132/Rittal_3359500_Kennlinienfelder_3_5132

11 List of spare parts

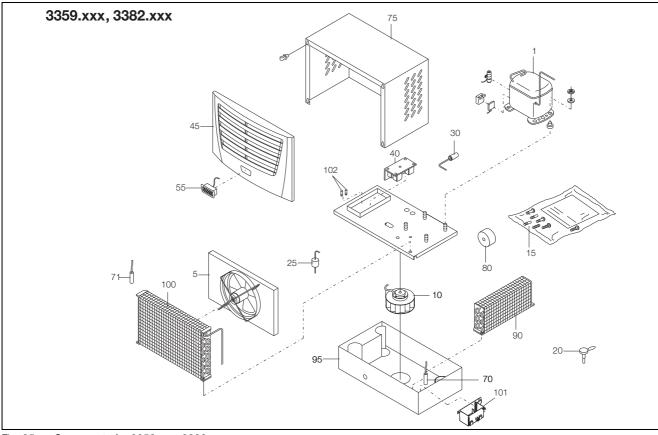


Fig. 35: Spare parts for 3359.xxx, 3382.xxx

11 List of spare parts

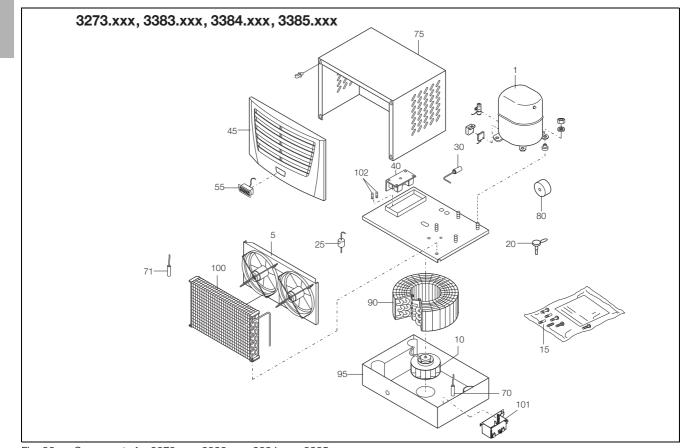


Fig. 36: Spare parts for 3273.xxx, 3383.xxx, 3384.xxx, 3385.xxx

EN

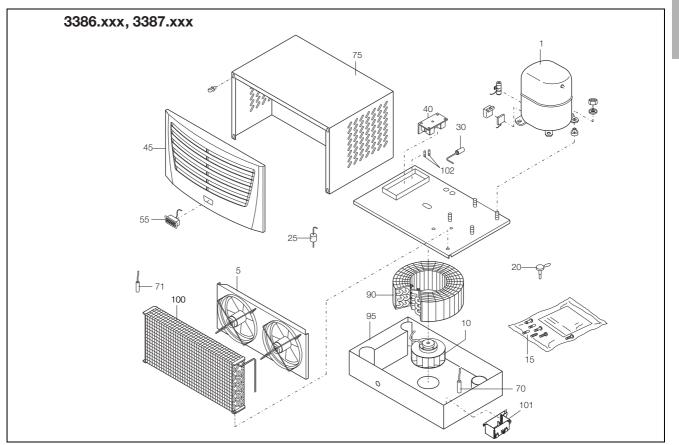


Fig. 37: Spare parts for 3386.xxx, 3387.xxx

Key

- 1 Compressor
- 5 Condenser fan
- 10 Evaporator fan
- 15 Dispatch bag
- 20 Expansion valve
- 25 Filter dryer
- 30 PSA^H pressure switch
- 40 Controller board
- 45 Louvred grille
- 55 Display
- 71 Temperature sensor
- 75 Cover
- 80 Transformer
- 90 Evaporator coil
- 100 Condenser
- 101 Condensate evaporator
- 102 Miniature fuse, condensate evaporator (T4A; 6.3 x 32 mm)



As well as the spare part number, when ordering spare parts the following information must be provided:

- Unit model
- Fabrication number
- Date of manufacture

This information may be found on the rating plate.

12 Cut-out and hole sizes

EN

12 Cut-out and hole sizes

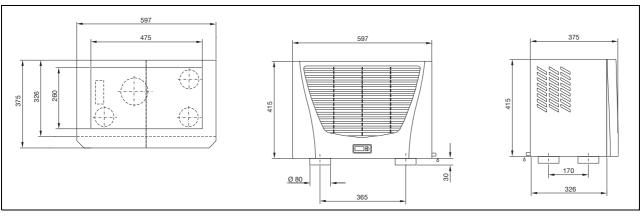


Fig. 38: 3359.xxx, 3382.xxx assembly

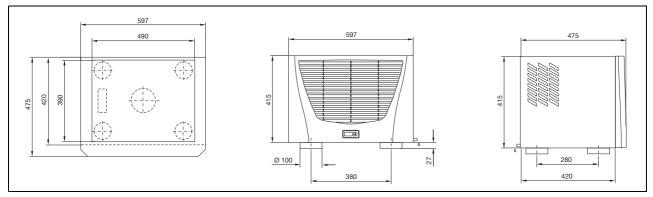


Fig. 39: 3273.xxx, 3383.xxx, 3384.xxx, 3385.xxx assembly

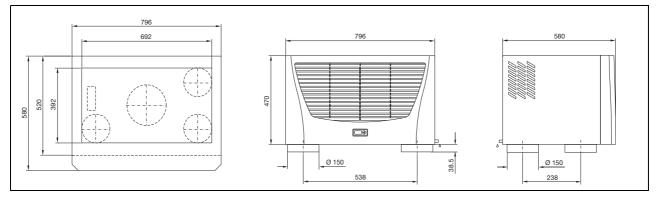


Fig. 40: 3386.xxx, 3387.xxx assemblyf

13 Accessories

As well as the accessories listed below, details of our full range of accessories can be found on the Rittal website.

Item	
External temperature sensor	SK 3124.400
Condensate water hose	SK 3301.612
Filter mats	SK 3286.500 SK 3286.600
Metal filter	SK 3286.510 SK 3286.610
Door limit switch	SZ 4127.010
IoT Interface	SK 3124.300
Blue e IoT adaptor	SK 3124.310

14 Warranty

The conditions named in the sales and delivery conditions of the associated Rittal agents and subsidiaries apply.

15 Customer services addresses

Contact details can be found on the Rittal website at: – https://www.rittal.com/rittal-locations



Rittal – The System.

Faster - better - everywhere.

- Enclosures
- Power Distribution
- Climate Control
- IT Infrastructure
- Software & Services

You can find the contact details of all Rittal companies throughout the world here.



www.rittal.com/contact

RITTAL GmbH & Co. KG Auf dem Stuetzelberg · 35745 Herborn · Germany Phone +49 2772 505-0 E-mail: info@rittal.de · www.rittal.com

ENCLOSURES

POWER DISTRIBUTION CLIMATE CONTROL





FRIEDHELM LOH GROUP